

東吳大學 103 學年度碩士在職專班研究生招生考試試題

第 1 頁，共 4 頁

系級	法律學系碩士在職專班法律專業組	考試時間	100 分鐘
科目	英文	本科總分	100 分

[*請於招生考試答案卷上標明題號後作答]

I. Vocabulary and Grammar

Part I: Choose the *one* word or phrase that best completes the sentence. (2% each)

1. Bryan is a very ___ child; he is always asking questions.
(A) outrages (B) negligent (C) melancholy (D) inquisitive
2. If the fare goes up any more, many riders will walk or take taxis. They will ___ the transit system.
(A) beckon (B) boycott (C) bewilder (D) brandish
3. The expressions of sadness at the party for the retiring CEO were ___. The staff was glad to be rid of him.
(A) red flags (B) sour grapes (C) horse feathers (D) crocodile tears
4. Taiwan's economic success can be ___ to a number of factors, but one of these certainly is the hard work of its people.
(A) resolved (B) attributed (C) dedicated (D) contracted
5. Health is ___ to everyone. It is extremely important.
(A) indifferent (B) indefinite (C) indispensable (D) innumerable
6. Tim and his son were finally ___ after ten years of separation.
(A) related (B) reacted (C) restored (D) reunited
7. The twin brothers gave ___ answers: one said "yes" and one said "no."
(A) dislike (B) various (C) contrary (D) previous
8. Hiking in the rain can be very dangerous. The trails are often muddy and ___.
(A) mobile (B) harmful (C) slippery (D) desirable
9. The ___ for criminal trespassing in Ohio can involve up to 30 days in jail. Fines may also need to be paid.
(A) penalty (B) column (C) account (D) occasion
10. These two dresses are ___.
(A) like (B) alike (C) as like (D) like as
11. Donald has ___ ten books in his backpack.
(A) more (B) as more (C) more as (D) more than
12. ___ Bob came to become a millionaire is still a mystery.
(A) How (B) What (C) Since (D) Although
13. The crowd was much larger than ___ at last year's Chess Tournament.
(A) it (B) that (C) them (D) those
14. However much ___, it will be worth it.
(A) the ring costs (B) costs the ring (C) does the ring cost (D) the ring will cost
15. Tina insisted that Tony ___ to the party.
(A) is invited (B) be invited (C) being invited (D) to be invited

東吳大學 103 學年度碩士在職專班研究生招生考試試題

第 2 頁，共 4 頁

系級	法律學系碩士在職專班法律專業組	考試時間	100 分鐘
科目	英文	本科總分	100 分

16. I wonder ___ about the meeting or not.
 (A) if Tim knows (B) as Tim knows (C) does Tim knows (D) what Tim knows
17. When I lost my student ID card, I had to apply for ___ one.
 (A) other (B) another (C) the other (D) the another
18. By the time I graduate from college, I ___ away from home for more than three years.
 (A) am (B) will be (C) have been (D) will have been

Part II: Identify the *one* word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct. (2% each)

19. I want to get married, but I don't meet the right person yet.
 (A) (B) (C) (D)
20. Each boy on the soccer team should have their permission slip signed by the parent.
 (A) (B) (C) (D)
21. Following each reading selection are a series of questions designed to help you think about what you have read.
 (A) (B) (C) (D)
22. Between you and I, I don't approve of the way in which Tommy is handling the situation.
 (A) (B) (C) (D)
23. I had been asked to let him known the minute I saw her car arrive.
 (A) (B) (C) (D)
24. No one has ever succeeded to explaining this interesting phenomenon.
 (A) (B) (C) (D)
25. Mr. Nelson, who my Chemistry teacher at school, is the kindest person I have ever met.
 (A) (B) (C) (D)

II. Reading and Writing

Part I: Answer the following questions according to the passage. (3% each)

The New York State attorney general proposed legislation on Wednesday that would allow people who have confessed or pleaded guilty to a crime they did not commit to sue the state for damages. Under current law, only someone who has contested the accusation is permitted to sue for wrongful conviction. But the attorney general, Eric T. Schneiderman, said in a speech that a change was needed to eliminate what he described as “unnecessary and overly broad” barriers to seeking restitution.

Of the 27 people in New York who have had their convictions overturned by DNA evidence since 1991, 10 had falsely confessed or pleaded guilty, Mr. Schneiderman, a Democrat, said in his remarks at John Jay

東吳大學 103 學年度碩士在職專班研究生招生考試試題

第 3 頁，共 4 頁

系級	法律學系碩士在職專班法律專業組	考試時間	100 分鐘
科目	英文	本科總分	100 分

College of Criminal Justice. “It doubly victimizes people who acted out of fear, had a serious mental or psychological problem, or were simply too young to know what they were doing and as a result admitted doing something that they did not do,” he said.

Under the legislation, people who falsely confess or plead guilty to a crime they did not commit will be eligible to sue the state even if they cannot prove that the confession was coerced, Mr. Schneiderman said. The new legislation would also extend the statute of limitations for wrongful conviction claims to three years, from two. State Assemblyman Joseph R. Lentol, a Democrat whose district includes parts of Greenpoint, Williamsburg and Fort Greene in Brooklyn, will introduce the legislation.

The announcement comes as a host of bygone murder prosecutions in Brooklyn are being called into question amid concerns that some of the convictions were obtained through coerced confessions and other misconduct by the police and prosecutors. Many of the cases under review date to the 1980s and 1990s, when homicide rates soared in parts of the borough. The Brooklyn district attorney’s office has ordered an investigation of at least 50 cases handled by Detective Louis Scarcella, after an investigation by The New York Times found that many of his cases relied on questionable witnesses and flawed confessions.

This month, two men, Antonio Yarbough and Sharrif Wilson, were released after serving two decades in prison for murdering three people in a case that turned in part on a false confession. Mr. Wilson had confessed and offered testimony against Mr. Yarbough that led to their convictions in the killings of Mr. Yarbough’s mother, his 12-year-old sister and another 12-year-old girl. Investigators later confirmed that no physical evidence linked the men to the crime.

(Adapted

from: <http://www.nytimes.com/2014/02/20/nyregion/bill-in-albany-to-allow-lawsuits-by-those-who-falsely-confess.html?ref=todayspaper>)

1. What issue, or problem, is central to the passage?
2. Who is Eric T. Schneiderman? What is the significance of his role in the passage?
3. According to the passage, why did the Brooklyn district attorney’s office ordered an investigation? What was it about?
4. According to the passage, why were Antonio Yarbough and Sharrif Wilson released from the prison?
5. What is your opinion on the issue at hand?

東吳大學 103 學年度碩士在職專班研究生招生考試試題

第 4 頁，共 4 頁

系級	法律學系碩士在職專班法律專業組	考試時間	100 分鐘
科目	英文	本科總分	100 分

Part II: For each of the following passages, first paraphrase [用英文意譯, 改述, 換句話說] the underlined sentence in your own words, and then write a short response of about 100 words to the entire passage. (paraphrase 3% each; response 7% each)

1. How do you repair broken trust? It begins with an exploration of where the break occurred, acceptance of the breach, and a sincere apology. You need to acknowledge that broken trust has had a negative impact on your relationship, and that this is a problem. Explain actions that may have led to the break, but do not justify them defensively. Help the other person you see what led you to make the choice you made, but remember not to make this into an argument. The most important thing is to indicate—so that he or she understands well—your willingness to do what it takes to make the repair because the relationship matters to you and your future. (From Steward D. Friedman's *Total Leadership*)

2. Now, the laws keep up their credit, not for being just, but because they are laws; 'tis the mystic foundation of their authority; they have no other, and it well answers their purpose. They are often made by fools, still oftener by men who, out of hatred to equality, fail in equity; but always by men, vain and irresolute authors. There is nothing so much, nor so grossly, nor so ordinarily faulty, as the laws. Whoever obeys them because they are just, does not justly obey them as he ought. Our French laws, by their irregularity and deformity, lend, in some sort, a helping hand to the disorder and corruption that all manifest in their dispensation and execution.... (From Charles Cotton's translation of Montaigne's *Essays*)

Part III: Think about a person in the legal profession that you admire. Write about this person in about 250 words. You might want to answer some of the following questions: who is this person? What are some reasons you admire this person? What is his or her relationship to you? (15%)