

# 東吳大學 108 學年度暑假轉學生招生考試試題

第 1 頁，共 4 頁

系級	國際經營與貿易學系三年級	考試時間	100 分鐘
科目	經濟學	本科總分	100 分

一、單選題 (每題4分，共60分)。注意：請先在答案卷上畫出以下之表格，再依題號填入答案。本題未依此方式作答於答案卷上者，不予計分。

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.

1. The First Theorem of Welfare Economics can be expressed as
  - A. the competitive equilibrium does not involve reallocation of endowments.
  - B. the competitive equilibrium results only when no transactions costs exist.
  - C. the competitive equilibrium is efficient.
  - D. any efficient allocations can be achieved by competition.
  
2. Let the production function be  $q=AL^aK^b$ . The function exhibits increasing returns to scale if
  - A.  $a + b < 1$ .
  - B.  $a + b > 1$ .
  - C.  $a + b = 1$ .
  - D. Cannot be determined with the information given.
  
3. If a government wants to maximize revenues from a tax it should
  - A. impose it on sellers.
  - B. impose it on consumers.
  - C. choose a good with a relatively inelastic demand.
  - D. choose a good with a relatively elastic demand.
  
4. The Slutsky equation shows that, holding the total effect constant, the income effect will be larger for goods that
  - A. have perfectly inelastic demand curves.
  - B. make up a larger percentage of a household's budget.
  - C. have a smaller substitution effect.
  - D. All of the above.

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5. Suppose that the interest rate paid to savers increases. As a result, Tom wishes to save less. This suggests that, for Tom,

- A. future consumption is a luxury.
- B. the substitution effect is greater than the income effect.
- C. utility maximization is not occurring.
- D. the income effect is greater than the substitution effect.

6. Monopolies in successive markets result in

- A. a lower price than if the input market is competitive.
- B. more output than if the input market is competitive.
- C. a double markup for consumers.
- D. All of the above.

7. In the automobile insurance market, adverse selection occurs when

- A. drivers with greater risks buy a policy with large deductibles.
- B. drivers with greater risks buy a policy with no deductibles.
- C. insured drivers drive recklessly.
- D. uninsured drivers drive recklessly.

8. Moral hazard occurs when contracts are written in such a way that

- A. production and risk-bearing efficiency are achieved.
- B. the interests of agent and principal diverge.
- C. the interests of agent and principal converge.
- D. agents will wish to maximize the principal's utility.

9. The larger the mpc, the \_\_\_\_\_ the income-expenditure multiplier and the \_\_\_\_\_ the effect of a change in autonomous spending on short-run equilibrium output.

- A. larger; larger
- B. larger; smaller
- C. smaller; smaller
- D. smaller; larger

10. Following an adverse supply shock, people with anchored inflation expectations believe the Fed will:

- A. raise its target inflation rate.
- B. lower its target inflation rate.
- C. keep its target inflation rate unchanged.
- D. accommodate the shock.

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11. Automatic stabilizers are provisions in the law which create automatic \_\_\_\_\_ in government spending or \_\_\_\_\_ in taxes when real output declines.

- A. increases; increases
- B. increases; decreases
- C. no change; no change
- D. decreases; decreases

12. For a given inflation rate, if concerns about future weakness in the economy cause businesses to reduce their spending on new capital, then the \_\_\_\_\_ shifts \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. aggregate demand curve; right
- B. aggregate demand curve; left
- C. aggregate supply curve; left
- D. aggregate supply curve; right

13. All else being equal, if the prospect of a recession leads the Federal Reserve to ease monetary policy, the equilibrium value of the exchange rate for the U.S. dollar will:

- A. rise.
- B. fall.
- C. remain fixed.
- D. either rise or fall depending on whether the supply or demand for dollars changes more.

14. The money supply will increase by a multiple of the increase in bank reserves created by the central bank unless:

- A. there is fractional reserve banking.
- B. there is 100 percent reserve banking.
- C. the public holds no currency.
- D. banks' desired reserve/deposit ratio is 0.20.

15. According to Okun's law, when cyclical unemployment increases from 1 percent to 2 percent, the recessionary gap increases from \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. -2 percent to -4 percent
- B. -1 percent to -2 percent
- C. 2 percent to 4 percent
- D. 1 percent to 2 percent

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二、(20 分)德國柏林近年來因民眾對住房的需求強勁且持續成長，導致房租不斷飆升。由於沉重的房租引起了廣大租屋市民的反彈，德國政府決定在未來五年對柏林的租金實施凍漲。給定以上背景，請回答下列問題：

- (1). 請以供給與需求的概念，配合圖形，分析此凍漲政策對柏林租屋市場均衡的影響。
- (2). 假設現在德國政府決定永久凍漲柏林的租金，請分別就短期與長期兩種情形，論述該政策對於柏林租屋需求者的影響。

三、(20 分)近日桃園空服員工會對長榮航空發起罷工。勞資雙方已進行多次協商，但至今仍無法達成共識。假設空服員工會與長榮資方的協商在於決定空服員的薪資與雇用量(或工作時數)，請以適當的勞動市場結構且配合圖形來解釋此協商僵局的成因。